Wastewater Reclamation, Recovery and Reuse





Toilet to Tap? Finding Where the Water Is!

There are no more orange groves in Orange County, California.

Instead, population grows and water is in increasingly short supply. However, there is an ever-increasing flow of *wastewater* (a.k.a., *sewage*).

Now, a \$481m groundwater replenishment system employing microfiltration, reverse osmosis and UV-peroxide oxidation is purportedly making wastewater 'as pure as distilled water'...

Orange County, CA Water District *'Indirect Potable Water Reuse'*

70 mgd - Groundwater Replenishment System



When freshwater gets scarce ... utilize 'toilet to tap', a.k.a. Wastewater Reclamation & Reuse California State Department of Health

permits use of reclaimed wastewater for:

agricultural irrigation of over 20 food crops*,
Iandscape parks, playgrounds and golf courses,

restricted recreational impoundments,

groundwater recharge to domestic water supply areas

*Apples, Grapes, Asparagus, Lettuce, Avocados, Maize, Barley, Peaches, Beans, Peppers, Broccoli, Pistachios, Cabbage, Plums, Cauliflower, Squash, Celery, Sugar Beets, Citrus, Wheat

Municipal Water Reuse Markets 2010

Analysis, forecasts and inventory

A Global Water Intelligence publication Water Intelligence www.globalwaterintel.com

Global

"NEW REVENUE STREAM SPRINGS UP"

"WATER REUSE MARKET SET FOR EXPLOSIVE GROWTH"

"We will drink more reclaimed water indirectly."

"Ultrafiltration, reverse osmosis and ultraviolet disinfection - have become cheaper and more effective."

"Recycling water seems as natural as any other recycling."

... water reuse can be an essential part of sustainable cities".

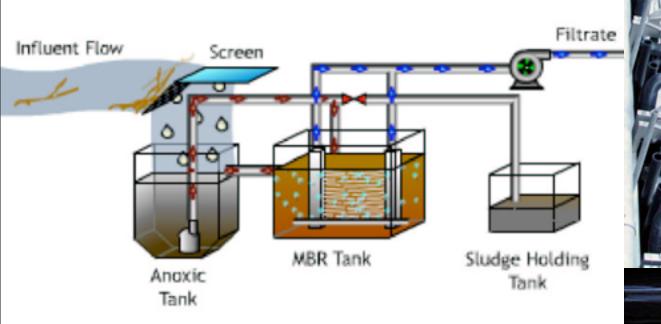


Tapping into Sewers 'Sewer Mining' for 'Brown Gold'

Membrane Bioreactors

Membrane Module

the life



Requires Chemical Control of Membrane Fouling

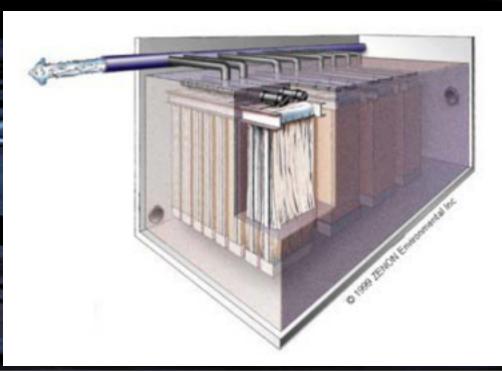


Sewage to Membrane Bioreactors (MBR)

membranes immersed into highly concentrated mixed liquor suspended solids

Hydraulic Retention Time: 4-8 hours; 25% conventional footprint Solids Retention Time: 10- 365 days; 20% conventional sludge yield MLSS: 10,000 - 15,000 mg/l

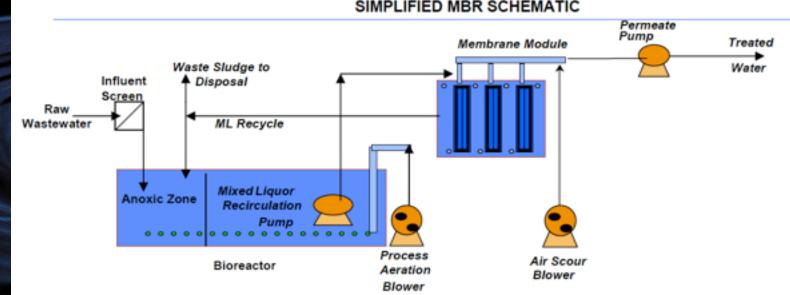
Modular: small scale Effective organism removals Removal of nutrients Reuse of product water



Operational Issues

Membrane Bioreactors (MBR)

Fine Screening (1 mm) required; disposal of untreated waste Fouling results in low membrane flux rates; large membrane surfaces Air Scour, MLSS recirculation: high energy consumption Large Equalization Tank Volume: to offset low peak flow tolerance Low Oxygen Transfer Efficiency due to high MLSS Membrane Replacement Frequency and Costs



SIMPLIFIED MBR SCHEMATIC

Where is Reclamation Occurring? CA, FL, TX, AZ, NM, NE, CO, GA, WA, VA, NY, MA

Orange County Water District Central/West Basin Metropolitan Water District San Jose Los Angeles Co Sanit District San Diego County Irvine Ranch Dublin San Ramon East Bay Municipal Utility District Orlando Scottsdale Phoenix

San Antonio El Paso Tarrant Regional St. Petersburg Pinellas County King County (WA) Austin Santa Rosa UOSA (VA) Southwestern Nevada Water Authority/Las Vegas Valley Water District



