Coagulation, Flocculation and Sedimentation

Dr. John T. O'Connor, PE



Removal of Precipitates

Coagulation (Rapid Chemical Mix)
 Destabilization of Suspended Particles

Flocculation (Slow Mix)
 Particle Collision and Growth

Settling Removal of Settleable Solids





Flumes

Flow Diversion



Polymer Addition



Flocculation



Polymeric Coagulant Feed

Polymer diluted to
0.1
percent
(1,000 ppm)

Polymer Dose:



Wastewater Coagulants

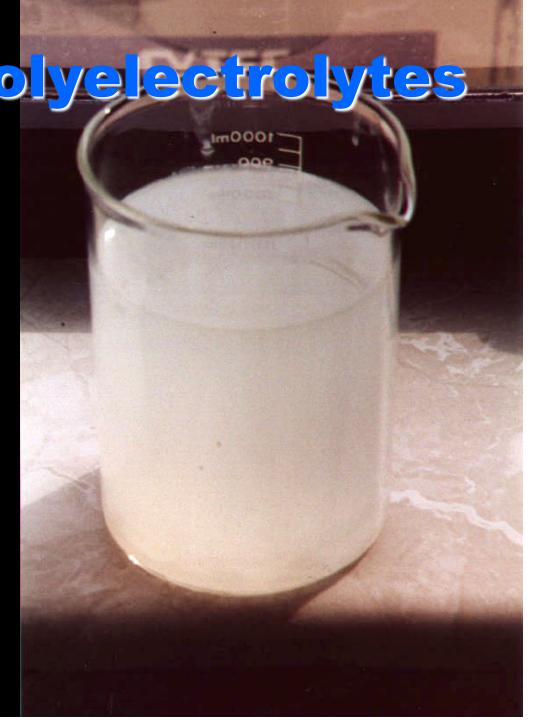
- Inorganic: Ferric, Aluminum Sulfates
- Natural Polyelectrolytes: Bentonite Clay, Starch, Guar Gum, Sodium Alginate, Sodium Carboxymethylcellulose
- Synthetic Polymers: Polyacrylamide, Polyacrylonitrile, Polyamine, Carboxyl, Ethylene Oxide Polymers

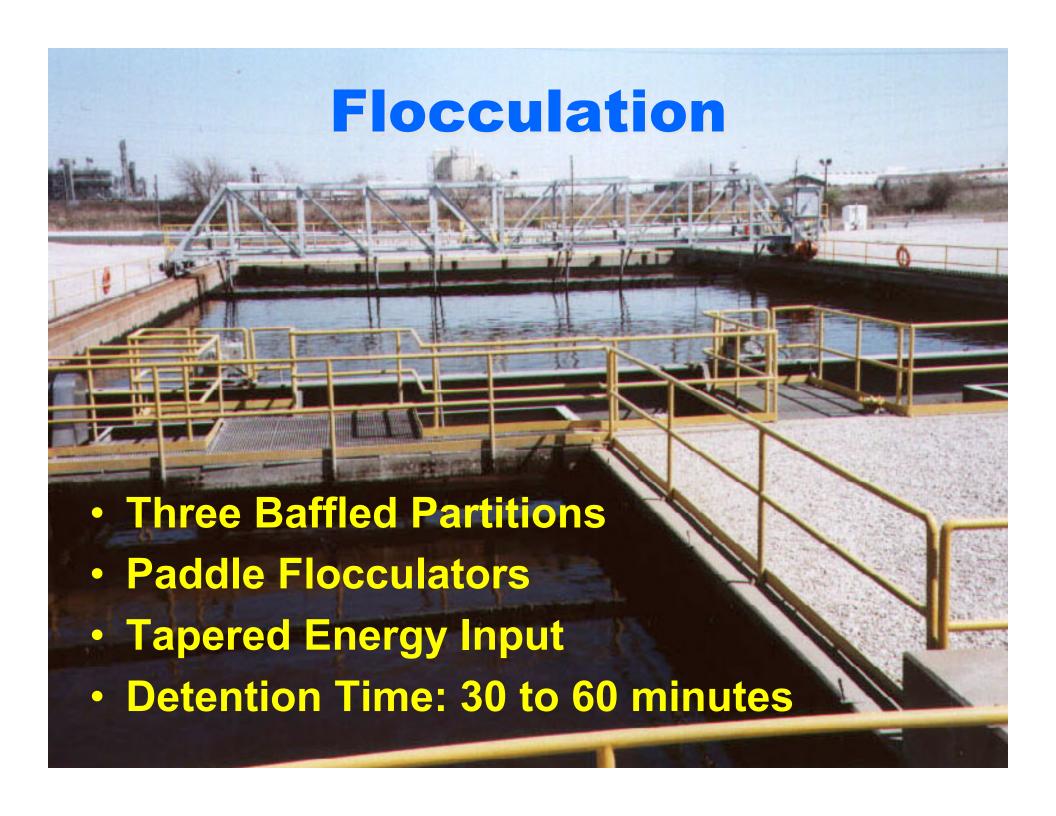
Synthetic Polyelectrolytes

- Anionic (Negative)
- Cationic (Positive)
- Nonionic (Both)

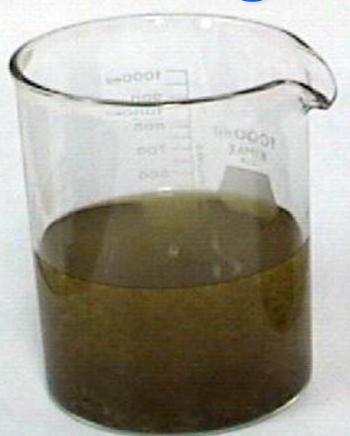
High Molecular Weight ~ 1,000,000 amu Dosage < 1 ppm

Interparticle Bridging

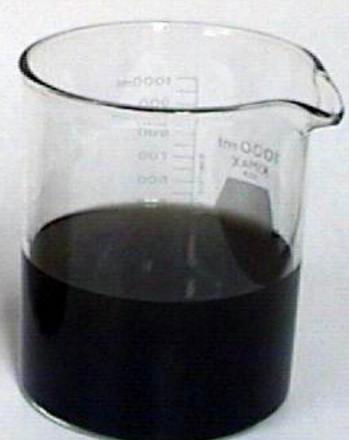




Settling Test - 1 minute



Flocculator Turned Off

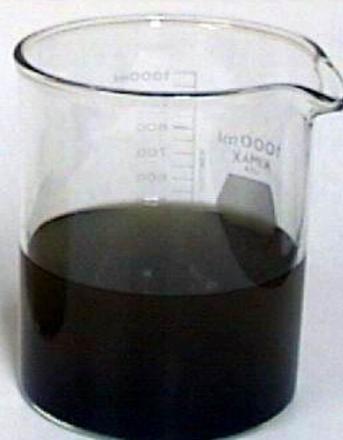


Flocculator Operating

Settling Test - 5 minutes

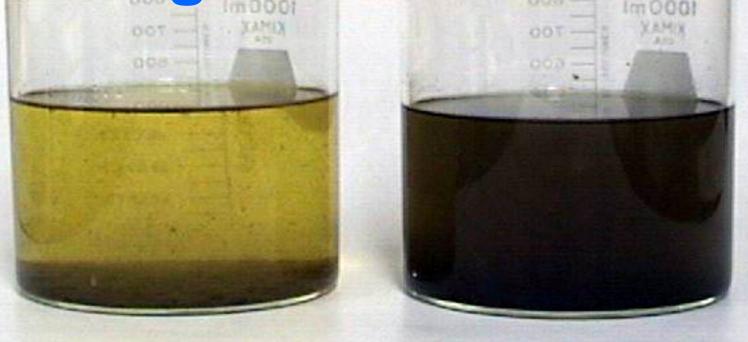


Flocculator Turned Off



Flocculator Operating

Settling Test - 15 minutes

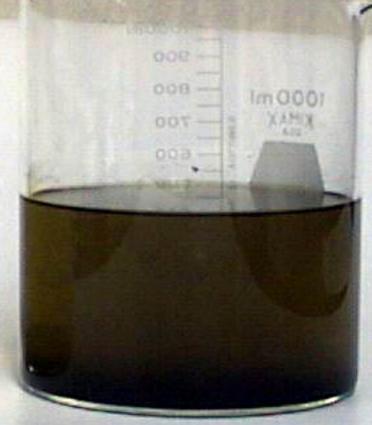


Flocculator Turned Off Flocculator Operating

Settling Test - 20 minutes

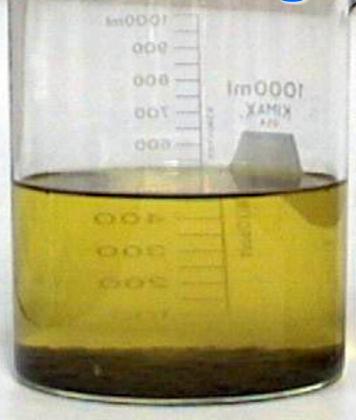


Flocculator Turned Off



Flocculator Operating

Settling Test - 1 hour



Flocculator Turned Off



Flocculator Operating

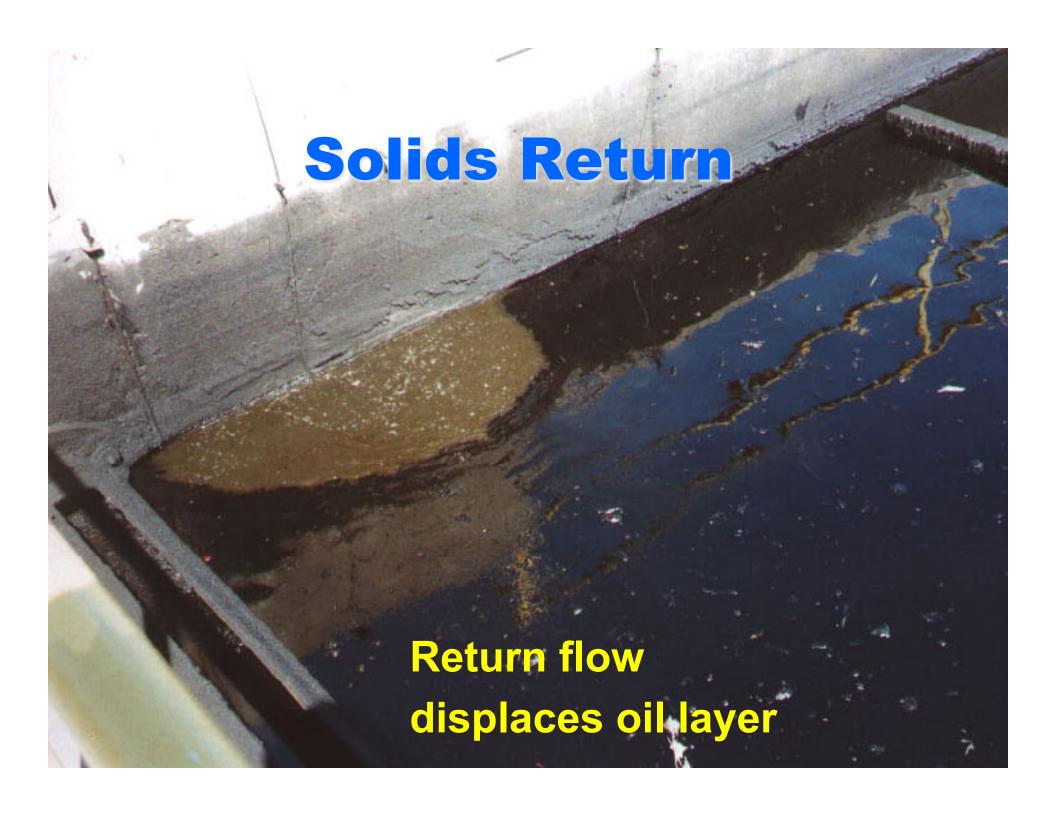
Jar Testing Demonstration



- Dose Response
- Energy Input
 Rapid Mix
 - Slow Mix
- Settling Rate
- Alternate
 Coagulants

ENGINEERING









- Surfacing of Oil
- Turbulence due to Sludge Raking
- Gas Formation in Sludge Blanket
- Wind Stirring on Open Basins
- Temperature-Induced Density Currents



Sludge Removal Mechanism

Chain-Driven Flights

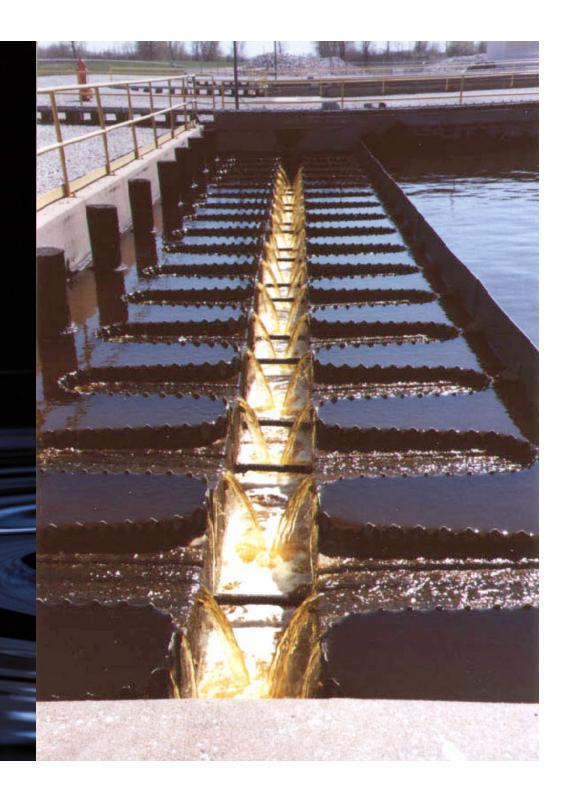
Continuous Raking

Intermittent Solids
Removal

Effluent Weirs

 V-notch weirs to minimize effect of wind set-up and turbulence

 Serpentine to attain > 20,000 gal/foot/day



Settling Tank Detention

Ideal Tank

3 mgd flow in 0.9 mg tank: 0.3 days

Deviation from Ideal

- Inlet, Outlet and Sludge Storage Zones
- Variations in Flow, Uneven Distribution
- Temperature (Density), Dead Spots
- Wind Stirring, Set Up, Seiches
- Turbulence, Sludge Blanket Upsets

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